

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2019

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 000-55857

CONVERSION LABS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

800 Third Avenue, Suite 2800
New York, NY

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

76-0238453

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

10022

(Zip Code)

(866) 351-5907

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a small reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer
Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol(s)	Name of exchange on which registered
None	None	None

As of May 15, 2019, there were 46,882,305 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

CONVERSION LABS, INC.
FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONVERSION LABS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 242,259	\$ 180,093
Trade accounts receivable, net	433,203	99,053
Product deposit	-	33,302
Inventory, net	877,146	1,022,616
Other current assets	118,678	270,006
Total Current Assets	<u>\$ 1,671,286</u>	<u>\$ 1,605,070</u>
Non-current assets		
ROU Asset	\$ 28,470	\$ -
Intangible assets, net	927,162	1,011,065
Total non-current assets	<u>955,632</u>	<u>1,011,065</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 2,626,918</u>	<u>\$ 2,616,135</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,616,426	\$ 868,997
Notes payable, net	429,012	247,416
Deferred revenue	228,734	75,984
Total Current Liabilities	<u>2,274,172</u>	<u>1,192,397</u>
Long-term Liabilities		
Lease Liability	30,269	
Contingent consideration on purchase of LegalSimpli	100,000	600,000
Deferred tax liability	-	4,000
Total Liabilities	<u>2,404,441</u>	<u>1,796,397</u>
Stockholders' Equity		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized, 46,882,305 and 45,267,105 shares issued, 46,367,105 and 45,267,105 outstanding as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively	468,822	457,822
Additional paid-in capital	12,903,849	12,744,249
Accumulated (deficit)	<u>(12,804,417)</u>	<u>(12,140,670)</u>
	568,254	1,061,401
Treasury stock, 515,200 and 515,200 shares, at cost	<u>(163,701)</u>	<u>(163,701)</u>
Total Conversion Labs, Inc. Stockholders' Equity	404,553	897,700
Non-controlling interest	<u>(182,076)</u>	<u>(77,962)</u>
Total Stockholders' Equity	<u>222,477</u>	<u>819,738</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u>\$ 2,626,918</u>	<u>\$ 2,616,135</u>

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONVERSION LABS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Net Sales	\$ 2,698,990	\$ 1,606,491
Cost of Sales	677,973	355,453
Gross Profit	2,021,017	1,251,038
Operating expenses		
Compensation and related expenses	381,098	143,646
Professional fees	134,207	132,115
Marketing expenses	1,691,812	897,164
General and administrative expenses	377,269	357,427
Total operating expenses	2,584,386	1,530,352
Operating Loss	(563,369)	(279,314)
Interest (expense)	(170,194)	(6,450)
Loss from continuing operations before provision for income taxes	(731,764)	(285,764)
Income from discontinued operations, including gain on sale, net of income taxes	-	925,738
Net Income (Loss)	(733,563)	639,974
Net Income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(69,816)	12,697
Net Income (loss) attributable to Conversion Labs, Inc.	(663,747)	627,277
Basic loss per share attributable to Conversion Labs, Inc. from continuing operations	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)
Basic income per share attributable to Conversion Labs, Inc. from discontinued operations	-	0.02
Diluted loss per share attributable to Conversion Labs, Inc. from continuing operations	(0.02)	(0.01)
Diluted income per share attributable to Conversion Labs, Inc. from discontinued operations	-	0.02
Weighted Average number of common shares outstanding		
Basic	46,806,749.44	43,509,729.67
Diluted	46,806,749.44	46,239,429.67

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONVERSION LABS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019

Conversion Labs, Inc.

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated (Deficit)	Treasury Stock	Total	Noncontrolling interest	Total
	Shares	Amount						
Balance at December 31, 2018	45,782,305	\$ 457,822	\$ 12,744,249	\$ (12,140,670)	\$ (163,701)	\$ 897,700	\$ (77,962)	\$ 819,738
stock issued for services	100,000	1,000	15,000			16,000		16,000
Stock compensation	1,000,000	10,000	144,600			154,600		154,600
Distributions to non-controlling interest							(34,298)	(34,298)
Net (loss)				(663,747)		(663,747)	(69,816)	(733,563)
Balance at March 31, 2019	<u>46,882,305</u>	<u>\$ 468,822</u>	<u>\$ 12,903,849</u>	<u>\$ (12,804,418)</u>	<u>\$ (163,701)</u>	<u>\$ 404,552</u>	<u>\$ (182,075)</u>	<u>\$ 222,477</u>

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONVERSION LABS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018

Conversion Labs, Inc.

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated (Deficit)</u>	<u>Treasury Stock</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Noncontrolling interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>						
Balance at December 31, 2017	44,493,063	\$ 444,930	\$ 11,500,537	\$ (10,899,843)	\$ (163,701)	\$ 881,923	\$ (259,084)	\$ 622,839
Issuance of common stock for services	500,000	5,000	62,655	-	-	67,655	-	67,655
Stock repurchase from shareholder	-	-	-	-	(460,000)	(460,000)	-	(460,000)
Retirement of common stock	(2,000,000)	(20,000)	(440,000)	-	460,000	-	-	-
Issuance of stock options for services	-	-	16,658	-	-	16,658	-	16,658
Net income	-	-	-	627,277	-	627,277	12,697	639,974
Balance at March 31, 2018	<u>42,993,063</u>	<u>\$ 429,930</u>	<u>\$ 11,139,850</u>	<u>\$ (10,272,566)</u>	<u>\$ (163,701)</u>	<u>\$ 1,133,513</u>	<u>\$ (246,387)</u>	<u>\$ 887,126</u>

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONVERSION LABS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (733,563)	\$ 639,974
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used) in operating activities		
Amortization of debt discount	131,596	-
Amortization of intangibles	83,903	-
(Gain) loss on discontinued operations and disposal	-	(691,425)
Stock issued for services	16,000	-
Stock compensation expense	154,600	-
Operating lease payments	1,799	-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		
Trade accounts receivable	(334,150)	42,391
Product deposit	33,302	(20,492)
Inventory	145,470	80,084
Other current assets	151,328	(51,735)
Deferred revenue	152,750	-
Deferred tax liability	(4,000)	-
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	747,429	(103,945)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations	546,464	(105,148)
Net cash used in operating activities of discontinued operations	-	171,076
Net cash provided by operating activities	546,464	65,928
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payment to seller for contingent consideration	(500,000)	-
Proceeds from sale of legacy business	-	190,000
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(500,000)	190,000
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Distributions to non-controlling interest	(34,298)	-
Proceeds from notes payable	50,000	-
Repayment of notes payable	-	(167,479)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$ 15,702	\$ (167,479)
Net increase in cash	153,527	88,449
Cash at beginning of the period	180,093	141,379
Cash at end of the period	\$ 333,620	\$ 229,828
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 4,383	\$ 4,723
Conversion of liability as consideration on sale of legacy business	\$ -	\$ 150,000
Retirement of stock	\$ -	\$ 375,687
Stock repurchase from shareholder	\$ -	\$ 375,687

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONVERSION LABS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF THE ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

Nature of Business

Conversions Labs, Inc. (“Conversion Labs,” “we,” “us,” “our,” the “Company”) is an internet-based direct response marketing company that in-licenses, acquires and creates innovative and proprietary products that are sold to consumers around the world via our technology infrastructure and relationships with agencies, third party marketers, and online advertising platforms such as Facebook, Google and Amazon. We currently have three commercial stage products Shapiro MD, a patented shampoo, conditioner, and leave-in foamer for thicker, fuller hair, iNR Wellness MD, a nutritional supplement for immune support and PDF Simpli, a PDF conversion software, which was acquired through the purchase of 51% of the membership interests of LegalSimpli Software, LLC, a Puerto Rico limited liability company, which operates a marketing-driven software solutions business.

We launched our online direct marketing business in the fourth quarter of 2015 with the establishment of a partnership with Inate Skincare, LLC (“Inate”). Our initial intention was to launch a skin care line containing our proprietary ingredients and to market such products directly to consumers. We entered into a limited liability company operating agreement with our joint venture partners with respect to Inate under the legal name Immudyne PR LLC (“Immudyne PR”, now Conversion Labs PR LLC (“Conversion Labs PR”). On April 1, 2016, the original operating agreement of Immudyne PR was amended and restated and we increased our ownership and voting interest in Immudyne PR to 78.2%.

During 2016, we utilized third party entities to provide and increase credit card processing capacity and optimize corresponding rates and fees through one or more merchant bank accounts held by such entities. Some of the entities contracted to provide these services had been determined to be variable interest entities (“VIEs”) and were consolidated in the Company’s financial statements. The one (1%) percent fee received by these VIEs was eliminated in consolidation of the net revenues processed and collected by such contractors from sales initiated by the Company. The remaining entities provided such services as independent contractors, the majority of which were considered related parties and no fee was paid. Upon receipt of funds by such contractors from their respective merchant banks, the Company required the prompt transfer of funds to Company controlled accounts. The Company reimbursed and/or advanced funds to such contractors for any deficit or charge related to returns, chargeback and other fees charged by such merchant bank. By the year ended December 31, 2018, we ceased processing credit card charges through all VIE merchant accounts. At December 31, 2018, we recorded the merchant reserves from these VIE merchant accounts on our balance sheet as accounts receivable.

As used in these financial statements and unless otherwise indicated, the terms “Company,” “we,” “us,” and “our” refer to Conversion Labs, Inc. (formerly known as Immudyne, Inc.) and our majority-owned subsidiaries LegalSimpli Software, LLC, a Puerto Rico limited liability company (“LegalSimpli”), Conversion Labs PR, LLC (formerly Immudyne PR LLC), a Puerto Rico limited liability company (“Conversion Labs PR”), and Conversion Labs Asia Limited, a Hong Kong company (“Conversion Labs Asia”). Unless otherwise specified, all dollar amounts are expressed in United States dollars.

Acquisition of Membership Interest Purchase Agreement

On May 29, 2018, Immudyne PR acquired 51% of the membership interests (the “Membership Interests”) of LegalSimpli Software, LLC, a Puerto Rico limited liability company (“LegalSimpli”), which operates a marketing-driven software solutions business. In consideration for Immudyne PR’s purchase of the Membership Interests, Immudyne PR paid \$150,000 (the “Initial Payment”) to the sellers upon execution of the purchase agreement. Additionally, Conversion Labs PR agreed to pay up to an additional \$200,000 for such Membership Interests and an additional \$400,000 of contingent consideration should the Company or Conversion Labs PR ever pay a dividend.

Going Concern

The Company has funded operations in the past through the sales of its products, issuance of common stock and through loans and advances from officers and directors. The Company's continued operations are dependent upon obtaining an increase in its sales volume and the continued financial support from officers and directors or the issuance of additional shares of common stock. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern, which assumes the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. At March 31, 2019, the Company had an accumulated deficit approximating \$12.9 million and has incurred negative cash flows from operations. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Based on the Company's cash balance at March 31, 2019, and projected cash needs for 2019, management estimates that it will need to increase sales revenue and/or raise additional capital to cover operating and capital requirements for the 2019 fiscal year. Management will need to raise the additional needed funds through increased sales volume, issuing additional shares of common stock or other equity securities, or obtaining debt financing. Although management has been successful to date in raising capital to fund operations, there can be no assurance that sales revenue will substantially increase or that any required future financing can be successfully completed on a timely basis, or on terms acceptable to the Company.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation

The Company evaluates the need to consolidate affiliates based on standards set forth in ASC 810 Consolidation ("ASC 810"). The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority owned subsidiaries, Conversion Labs PR and LegalSimpli and variable interest entities (VIE's) in which the Company has been determined to be the primary beneficiary. The non-controlling interest in Conversion Labs PR represents the 21.833% equity interest held by other members of the joint venture. All significant consolidated transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Management's Representation of Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company without audit pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted as allowed by such rules and regulations, and management believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These consolidated financial statements include all of the adjustments, which in the opinion of management are necessary to a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations. All such adjustments are of a normal and recurring nature. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements at December 31, 2018 and 2017 filed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K with the SEC on March 29, 2019.

Variable Interest Entities

The Company follows ASC 810-10-15 guidance with respect to accounting for variable interest entities (each, a "VIE"). These entities do not have sufficient equity at risk to finance their activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties or whose equity investors lack any of the characteristics of a controlling financial interest. A variable interest is an investment or other interest that will absorb portions of a VIE's expected losses or receive portions of its expected residual returns and are contractual, ownership, or pecuniary in nature and that change with changes in the fair value of the entity's net assets. A reporting entity is the primary beneficiary of a VIE and must consolidate it when that party has a variable interest, or combination of variable interests, that provides it with a controlling financial interest. A party is deemed to have a controlling financial interest if it meets both of the power and losses/benefits criteria. The power criterion is the ability to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact its economic performance. The losses/benefits criterion is the obligation to absorb losses from, or right to receive benefits from, the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The VIE model requires an ongoing reconsideration of whether a reporting entity is the primary beneficiary of a VIE due to changes in facts and circumstances.

By our fiscal year ending December 31, 2018, we ceased processing credit card charges through all VIE merchant accounts. At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we recorded the merchant reserves from these VIE merchant accounts on our balance sheet as accounts receivable.

Conversion Labs PR is the primary beneficiary of Innerwell Skincare LLC, Spurs 5, LLC, and Salus LLC, which are qualified as VIEs. The assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of these VIEs are included in the financial statements of Conversion Labs PR and are further included in the condensed consolidated financial statements. The assets and liabilities include balances due from and due to the subsidiaries of Conversion Labs PR. These inter-company receivables and payables are eliminated upon consolidation of the VIE with Conversion Labs PR and the Company. No assets were pledged or given as collateral against any borrowings.

The Company utilizes third party entities to provide and increase credit card processing capacity and optimize corresponding rates and fees. A majority of these entities provide this service as independent contractors in exchange for a one (1%) percent fee of the net revenues processed and collected by such contractors from sales initiated by the Company. The VIEs consolidated in the Company's financial statements are primarily contracted to credit card processing through one or more merchant banks contracted by each VIE. Upon receipt of funds by each VIE, the collection of receipts less any returns, chargeback and other fees charged by such merchant bank is transferred to Conversion Labs PR.

Use of Estimates

The Company prepares its condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Some of the more significant estimates required to be made by management include the determination of reserves for accounts receivable, returns and allowances, the accounting for derivatives, the valuation of inventory and stockholders' equity-based transactions. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Inventory

At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, inventory consisted primarily of finished cosmetic products. Inventory is maintained in a third-party warehouse in Pennsylvania.

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value with cost determined on a first-in, first-out ("FIFO") basis. Management compares the cost of inventory with the net realizable value and an allowance is made for writing down inventory to net realizable, if lower. At March 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, the Company recorded an inventory reserve in the amount of \$12,500 and \$12,500, respectively. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the inventory balances were approximately \$877,000 and \$1,022,000, respectively.

Product Deposits

Many of our vendors require deposits when a purchase order is placed for goods. Our vendors issue a credit memo when sending their final invoice, reducing the amount the Company owes for the deposit amount on file with the vendors. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company has \$0 and \$33,302, respectively of products deposit with multiple vendors for the purchase of raw materials for products we sell online.

Revenue Recognition

The Company records revenue under the adoption of ASC 606 by analyzing exchanges with its customers using a five-step analysis such as identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation.

For the Company's product-based contracts with customers, the Company generally records sales of finished products once the customer places and pays for the order and the product is simultaneously shipped, but in limited cases if title does not pass until the product reaches the customer's delivery site, then recognition of revenue should be deferred until that time, however the Company does not have a process to properly record the recognition of revenue if orders are not immediately shipped. Delivery is considered to have occurred when title and risk of loss have transferred to the customer, which is usually upon shipment of the product. The Company records an estimate for provisions of discounts, returns, allowances, customer rebates and other adjustments for each shipment, and are netted with gross sales. The Company accounts for such provisions during the same period in which the related revenues are earned. The Company has determined that the population of contracts with customers tends to be homogenous, so that review of the contracts and estimate of various revenue related adjustments can be applied to the entire population.

The Company began testing a trial offers with the Shapiro MD products in late 2018. The Company was unable to adequately implement a process to report any trial-based sales and the related impact on inventory. Given the relatively new trial period being offered, the Company has not been able to estimate the historical effect to determine how this will change the recording of revenue.

For the Company's software subscription-based contracts with customers, the Company records the sales after completion of the customers 14-day free trial and at the end of the service period for which the customer purchased a monthly subscription or records revenue over time as the yearly subscription lapses. The Company offers either a monthly subscription or a yearly subscription to the Company's software. The Company offers a discount for purchase of the yearly subscription, which must be paid at initiation of the contract term, so that the Contract price is fixed at the contract initiation. Yearly subscriptions for the software are recorded net of discount.

Customer discounts, returns and rebates for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 approximated \$552,000 and \$300,000, respectively.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for holdbacks and doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by regularly evaluating individual customer receivables and considering a customer's financial condition, credit history and current economic conditions and sets up an allowance for doubtful accounts when collection is uncertain. Customers' accounts are written off when all attempts to collect have been exhausted. Recoveries of accounts receivable previously written off are recorded as income when received. At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the accounts receivable reserve was approximately \$0 and \$0, respectively. At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the reserve for sales returns and allowances was approximately \$81,000 and \$43,000, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Company files Corporate Federal and State tax returns, while Conversion Labs PR and LegalSimpli, which were formed as limited liability companies, file separate tax returns with any tax liabilities or benefits passing through to its members.

The Company records current and deferred taxes in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 740, "Accounting for Income Taxes." This ASC requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for temporary differences between tax basis of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are carried in the financial statements, based upon the enacted rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The Company establishes a valuation allowance when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. The Company periodically assesses the value of its deferred tax asset, a majority of which has been generated by a history of net operating losses and determines the necessity for a valuation allowance. ASC 740 also provides a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Using this guidance, a company may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position in its financial statements only if it is more likely-than-not (i.e., a likelihood of more than 50%) that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position.

The Company's tax returns for all years since December 31, 2014, remain open to federal and state taxing authorities.

At March 31, 2019, the Company has approximately \$4,237,000 of operating loss carryforwards for federal that may be applied against future taxable income. The net operating loss carryforwards will begin to expire in the year 2021 if not utilized prior to that date, expiring during various years through 2037. There is no provision for income taxes because the Company has historically incurred operating losses and maintains a full valuation allowance against its net deferred tax assets. The Company has fully reserved the deferred tax asset resulting from available net operating loss carryforwards.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company follows the provisions of ASC 718, "Share-Based Payment". Under this guidance compensation cost generally is recognized at fair value on the date of the grant and amortized over the respective vesting periods. The fair value of options at the date of grant is estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The expected option life is derived from assumed exercise rates based upon historical exercise patterns and represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. The expected volatility is based upon historical volatility of the Company's shares using weekly price observations over an observation period that approximates the expected life of the options. The risk-free rate approximates the U.S. Treasury yield curve rate in effect at the time of grant for periods similar to the expected option life. Due to limited history of forfeitures, the estimated forfeiture rate included in the option valuation was zero.

Many of the assumptions require significant judgment and any changes could have a material impact in the determination of stock-based compensation expense.

Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per common share is based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during each period presented. Warrants and options to purchase common stock are included as common stock equivalents only when dilutive. Potential common stock equivalents are excluded from dilutive earnings per share when the effects would be antidilutive.

Common stock equivalents comprising shares underlying 27,200 options and warrants for the three months ended March 31, 2019, respectively, have not been included in the income per share calculations as the effects are anti-dilutive.

Common stock equivalents comprising shares underlying 5,481,100 options and warrants for the three months ended March 31, 2018, have not been included in the loss per share calculation as the effects are anti-dilutive.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

All other accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by the FASB that do not require adoption until a future date are not expected to have a material impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments, including cash, trade accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses and the face amount of notes payable approximate fair value for all periods.

Noncontrolling Interests

The Company accounts for its less than 100% interests in Conversion Labs PR and LegalSimpli in accordance with ASC Topic 810, Consolidation, and accordingly the Company presents noncontrolling interests as a component of equity on its consolidated balance sheet and reports the noncontrolling interest's share of the Conversion Labs PR, and LegalSimpli's net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests in the consolidated statement of operations.

Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities

In accordance with ASC 810-10-25-37 and as amended by ASU 2009-17, the Company determines whether any legal entity in which the Company becomes involved is a VIE and subject to consolidation. The Company conducts an assessment on an ongoing basis for each VIE including (1) the power to direct activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance, and (2) the obligation to absorb losses or right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. As a result, the Company determined that six entities were VIEs and subject to consolidation.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company grants credit in the normal course of business to its customers. The Company periodically performs credit analysis and monitors the financial condition of its customers to reduce credit risk.

The Company monitors its positions with, and the credit quality of, the financial institutions with which it invests. The Company, at times, maintains balances in various operating accounts in excess of federally insured limits.

Although the Company does have some wholesale customers, over 90% of the Company's sales are to unique customers. Since the Company sells its products to thousands of customers, there is no accounts receivable concentration from customers. However, the Company uses merchant processors to charge customer credit cards and does contain concentration risk between credit card processors.

As of March 31, 2019, the Company's accounts receivable had no significant concentration from any one customer. As of March 31, 2019, three credit card processors accounted for 51%, 35% and 14% of accounts receivable.

NOTE 3 – DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE

On January 29, 2018, the Company entered into a Legacy Asset Sale Agreement (the "Asset Sale Agreement") with Mark McLaughlin (the Company's former President and Chief Executive Officer) whereby the Company sold the net assets of the legacy beta glucan business for \$850,000. On February 7, 2018, the Company and Mr. McLaughlin entered into an amendment to the Asset Sale Agreement (the "Asset Sale Agreement Amendment") to amend the purchase price of the assets, whereby Mr. McLaughlin agreed, through a newly formed entity, to purchase the assets and liabilities of the yeast beta glucan manufacturing business, for the following: (i) 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock (valued at \$0.23 per share or \$460,000), payable on February 12, 2018, (the "Closing Date"), (ii) \$190,000 payable on the Closing Date, (iii) \$200,000 payable within 120 days following the Closing Date, and (iv) the waiver of all rights to any severance payment in the amount of \$150,000. The total purchase price per the Asset Sale Agreement Amendment was \$1,000,000. The total net assets and liabilities transferred in the sale was \$255,248, resulting in a gain on sale of \$744,752.

NOTE 4 – BUSINESS COMBINATION

Acquisition of Membership Interest Purchase Agreement

On May 29, 2018 (the “Closing Date”), Immudyne, PR entered into a Membership Interest Purchase Agreement (the “Purchase Agreement”) by and among nine individuals, as sellers and Conversion Labs PR, as buyer (“Buyer”), pursuant to which Buyer acquired from Sellers all of Sellers’ right, title and interest in and to 51% of the membership interests (the “Membership Interests”) of LegalSimpli Software, LLC, a Puerto Rico limited liability company (“LegalSimpli”), which operates a marketing-driven software solutions business.

In consideration for Buyer’s purchase of the Membership Interests the Buyer paid \$150,000 (the “Initial Payment”) to the Sellers upon execution of the Purchase Agreement. Additionally, Buyer may be obligated to pay up to an additional \$200,000 in accordance with the following milestones (the “Milestones”): (i) \$100,000 to the Sellers on the 90-day anniversary of the Purchase Agreement, so long as LegalSimpli’s gross revenue for the preceding 30-day period is equal to or greater than \$75,000; and (ii) \$100,000 to the Sellers on the 180-day anniversary of the Purchase Agreement, so long as LegalSimpli’s gross revenue for the preceding 30-day period is equal to or greater than \$150,000, with a minimum net profit margin of 25% in each instance. As of December 31, 2018, while the Company does not anticipate LegalSimpli meeting the above milestones, the Company anticipates that it is probable that the Company will pay \$200,000 consideration to the Sellers for these milestones. Regardless of whether LegalSimpli achieves either or both of the Milestones, Buyer will retain full ownership of the Membership Interests. In addition, the Purchase Agreement calls for an additional \$400,000 of consideration to be paid to the Sellers if/when Conversion Labs PR (formerly Immudyne PR) or the Company ever pay a dividend to shareholders. The Company has determined that it is probable that at some future point that the Company will pay this \$400,000 to the Sellers.

Fair Value of Consideration Transferred and Recording of Assets Acquired

The following table summarizes the acquisition date fair value of the consideration paid, identifiable assets acquired, and liabilities assumed including an amount for intangible assets:

Consideration Paid:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 150,000
Additional consideration to be paid	200,000
Contingent consideration	<u>400,000</u>
Fair value of total consideration	<u>\$ 750,000</u>

Recognized amount of identifiable assets acquired, and liabilities assumed:

Financial assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,445
Financial liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(84,349)
Deferred revenue	(29,818)
Non-controlling interest	(144,118)
Total identifiable net assets	<u>(256,840)</u>
Customer relationship asset	<u>1,006,840</u>
	<u>\$ 750,000</u>

NOTE 5 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As of March 31, 2019, the Company has the following amounts related to intangible assets:

	<u>Gross Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Accumulated Amortization</u>
Amortizable intangible assets		
Customer relationship asset	\$ 1,006,840	\$ (279,678)
Indefinite lived intangible assets		
Purchased licenses	200,000	-
	<u>\$ 1,206,840</u>	<u>\$ (279,678)</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company recognized amortization expense of approximately \$83,000. There were no intangible assets or amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

As of December 31, 2018, the Company has the following amounts related to intangible assets:

	<u>Gross Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Accumulated Amortization</u>
Amortizable intangible assets		
Customer relationship asset	\$ 1,006,840	\$ (195,775)
Indefinite lived intangible assets		
Purchased licenses	200,000	-
	<u>\$ 1,206,840</u>	<u>\$ (195,775)</u>

NOTE 6 – NOTES PAYABLE

	<u>March 31, 2019</u>	<u>December 31, 2018</u>
Convertible notes of \$550,000 issued in May of 2018. These notes have a maturity date of May 28, 2019 and accrue interest at a rate of 12% compounded annually. The conversion price for these notes is \$0.23 per share of common stock, subject to adjustment. The borrowers have converted \$344,642 of these notes including \$9,922 of interest as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.	\$ 215,280	\$ 215,280
Warrants to purchase up to 2,391,305 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.28 per share. The fair value of the warrants was determined to be \$533,691 and was recorded as a debt discount to be amortized over the life of the note. For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and year ended December 31, 2018, amortization of debt discount was \$131,595 and \$315,828, respectively.	(86,268)	(217,864)
Promissory note of \$230,000 issued in October of 2018. This note has a maturity date of April 1, 2019 and bears no interest, but requires an additional \$30,000 from the original \$200,000 received. The Company has recorded \$30,000 and \$12,000 as accrued interest as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. This note was repaid on April 1, 2019.	200,000	200,000
Related party promissory note of \$106,000 issued in December of 2018. This note has a maturity date of March 1, 2019 and bears no interest, but requires an additional \$6,000 from the original \$100,000 received. The Company has recorded \$9,000 as accrued interest as of March 31, 2019.	100,000	50,000
	<u>\$ 429,012</u>	<u>\$ 247,416</u>

NOTE 7 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock

In February 2018, pursuant to the sale of the Company's legacy yeast beta glucan assets to the Company's former CEO, Mr. McLaughlin, 2,000,000 shares of common stock of Mr. McLaughlin's shares were cancelled.

In March 2018, the Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock valued at \$120,000 to a consultant. In May 2018, the Company amended the agreement with the consultant whereby the Company rescinded the 500,000 shares of common stock and reissued 250,000 shares of common stock. The 250,000 shares of common stock issued on May 14, 2018, were valued at \$62,500. The Company is recognizing the expense at the time of issuance.

In May 2018, the Company issued 1,000,000 shares of common stock valued at \$230,000 to JLS Ventures, LLC, a company controlled by our CEO, Justin Schreiber, for services. These 1,000,000 shares serve as the compensation for Mr. Schreiber for his services as CEO of the Company.

In May 2018, the Company issued 200,000 shares of common stock valued at \$56,000 to a consultant for services over a three-month term. The Company is recognizing the expense at the time of issuance.

During the year end December 31, 2018, the Company had convertible note holders convert 1,498,442 shares at a conversion price of \$0.23 per share, resulting in a decrease to the aggregate amount of outstanding convertible debt of approximately \$344,641 during the year.

On January 1, 2019, in connection with the Company's agreement with JLS Ventures, LLC, the Company issued 1,000,000 shares of restricted stock to JLS Ventures, LLC.

On February 27, 2019, the Company entered into a short-term note agreement for \$100,000 that was repaid prior to the quarter end. As part of the note agreement, the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock to the note holder valued at \$16,000.

Noncontrolling Interest

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the net (loss) income of Conversion Labs PR attributed the Company amounted to approximately (\$69,000) and \$13,000, respectively.

On May 29, 2018, Conversion Labs PR acquired a 51% interest in LegalSimpli, which operates a marketing-driven software solutions business.

Stock Options

On February 9, 2019, Robert Kalkstein the former Chief Financial Officer of the Company, tendered his resignation to the Company's Board of Directors, effective March 31, 2019. In connection with Mr. Kalkstein's resignation, the Company agreed to amend certain options granted to Mr. Kalkstein by decrease the exercise price of 500,000 options to purchase the Company's common stock previously granted to Mr. Kalkstein from \$0.40 per share to \$0.28 per share; accelerate the vesting of 150,000 Options with such options to vest on March 31, 2019; and cancel 200,000 unvested options, the vesting of which was not accelerated.

On March 15, 2019 the Company granted Mr. Piñeiro options to purchase 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.23.

A Summary of the outstanding service-based options are as follows:

	Number of Options
Balance at December 31, 2017	10,960,800
Issued	3,400,000
Expired	(550,000)
Exercised	(40,800)
Balance at December 31, 2018	13,820,000
Issued	500,000
Balance at March 31, 2019	14,320,000

All outstanding options are exercisable and have a cashless exercise provision, and certain options provide for accelerated vesting provisions and modifications, as defined, if the Company is sold or acquired. The intrinsic value of options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 amounted to \$0 and \$1,210,342, respectively.

During the three months ended, the significant assumptions used to determine the fair values of options issued, using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model are as follows:

Significant assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate at grant date	2.38%
Expected stock price volatility	184.78%
Expected dividend payout	-
Expected option life-years	6.5 years
Weighted average grant date fair value	\$ 0.15
Forfeiture rate	0.01%

The following is a summary of outstanding service-based options at March 31, 2019:

Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
\$ 0.20 - \$0.25	8,620,000	3.9 years
\$ 0.30 - \$0.35	3,825,000	8.5 years
\$ 0.40	1,875,000	4.7 years
Total	14,320,000	

Performance-Based Stock Options

Vested

During 2017, the Company granted performance-based options to purchase 250,000 shares of common stock at an exercise prices of \$0.40 per share. These options expire in 2027 and are exercisable upon the Company achieving annual sales revenue of \$5,000,000. These options are valued at \$55,439. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company met the performance criteria.

Unvested

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company granted performance-based options to purchase 6,000,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.35 per share to JLS Ventures, LLC, a related party. The options expire in 10 years and are exercisable upon cash received by Conversion Labs, Inc. from Conversion Labs PR between \$4,000,000 and \$7,000,000. The aggregate fair value of these performance-based options is \$1,688,212.

During the third quarter of 2017, the Company granted performance-based options to purchase 3,750,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.25 and \$0.35 per share. The options expire in 10 years and are exercisable upon the company achieving pre-tax earnings benchmarks between \$4,000,000 and \$7,000,000. The aggregate fair value of these performance-based options is \$1,152,849.

Warrants

The following is a summary of outstanding and exercisable warrants:

	<u>Number of Shares</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>	<u>Year of Expiration</u>
Balance at December 31, 2017	3,089,119	\$ 0.40	2018 - 2020
Issued	(354,891)	\$ 0.44	2018
Exercised	2,491,305	\$ 0.29	2023 - 2028
Balance at December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019	<u>5,225,533</u>	<u>\$ 0.35</u>	2019 - 2028

In March 2018, the Company issued 100,000 warrants to purchase shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.50 per share, in relation to royalty license agreement. These warrants are fully vested and expire in ten years.

In May 2018, the Company issued 2,391,305 warrants to purchase shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.28 per share, in relation to an issuance of convertible notes payable. These warrants are fully vested and expire in five years.

Warrants outstanding and exercisable amounted to 5,225,533 at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The weighted average exercise price of warrants outstanding at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 is \$0.35. The warrants expire at various times between September 2019 and March 2028.

Stock Based Compensation

The total stock-based compensation expense related to Service-Based Stock Options, Performance-Based Stock Options and Warrants issued for service amounted to \$181,108 and \$84,313 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Such amounts are included in compensation and related expenses in the consolidated statement of operations.

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Royalty Agreements

On September 1, 2016, Conversion Labs PR entered into a sole and exclusive license, royalty and advisory agreement with Pilaris Laboratories, LLC (“Pilaris”) relating to Pilaris’ PilarisMax shampoo formulation and conditioner. The term of the agreement will be the life of the US Patent held by Pilaris. As consideration for granting Conversion Labs PR this license, Pilaris will receive on quarterly basis, 10% of the net income collected by the licensed products according to the following formula: Net Income = total income – cost of goods sold – advertising and operating expenses directly related to the marketing of the licensed products. In addition, Conversion Labs PR shall pay Pilaris a performance fee of \$50,000 on the 180-day anniversary of the agreement and an additional \$50,000 performance fee on the 365-day anniversary of the agreement. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company recognized expenses related to the performance fee in the amount of \$100,000. In April 2017, the Company issued 217,390 shares of common stock and 108,696 warrants, pursuant to a subscription agreement, for the stated consideration and satisfaction of obligation to pay \$50,000 on the 180-day anniversary of the execution of this agreement. As of March 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, the Company has accrued \$29,592 and \$0, respectively which is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in regard to this agreement.

On March 26, 2018, the Company entered into a license agreement (the "Agreement") with M.ALPHABET, LLC ("Alphabet"), pursuant to which Alphabet agreed to license its PURPUREX business which consists of methods and compositions developed by Licensor for the treatment of purpura, bruising, post-procedural bruising and traumatic bruising (the "Product Line"). Pursuant to the license granted under the Agreement, Conversion Labs PR obtains an exclusive license to incorporate (i) any intellectual property rights related to the Product Line and (ii) all designs, drawings, formulas, chemical compositions and specifications used or useable in the Product Line into one or more products manufactured, sold, and/or distributed by Alphabet for the treatment of purpura, bruising, post-procedural bruising and traumatic bruising and for all other fields of use or purposes (the "Licensed Product(s)"), and to make, have made, advertise, promote, market, sell, import, export, use, offer to sell and distribute the Licensed Product(s) throughout the world with the exception of China, Hong Kong, Japan, and Australia (the "License").

The Company shall pay Alphabet a royalty equal to 13% of Gross Receipts (as defined in the Agreement) realized from the sales of Licensed Products. Further, so long as the Agreement is not previously terminated, the Company, also agreed to pay Alphabet \$50,000 on the 120-day anniversary of the Agreement and an additional \$50,000 on the 360-day anniversary of the Agreement.

Upon execution of the Agreement, Alphabet will be granted a 10-year option to purchase 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.50. Further, if Licensed Products have gross receipts of \$7,500,000 in any calendar year, the Company will grant Alphabet an option to purchase 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.50; (ii) if Licensed Products have gross receipts of \$10,000,000 in any calendar year, the Company will grant Alphabet an additional option to purchase 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.50 and (iii) If Licensed Products have gross receipts of \$20,000,000 in any calendar year, the Company will grant Alphabet an option to purchase 200,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.75.

The Company is subject to a royalty agreement based upon sales of certain hair care products. For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recognized \$55,950 and \$20,752, respectively, in royalty expense related to this agreement.

Restricted Stock and Options

The Company entered into two agreements on April 1, 2016, with two consultants of Conversion Labs PR for business development, marketing and sales related services (the "Consultant Agreements"). The consultants are treated as employees for accounting purposes. Upon signing, each consultant was issued 1,000,000 restricted shares of the Company's common stock. In addition, each consultant shall receive an additional 150,000 restricted shares of the Company's common stock for each \$500,000 distributed by Conversion Labs PR to the Company. For each consultant, the number of shares of common stock to be issued by the Company to the consultants shall be capped at 1,500,000 restricted shares of common stock when Conversion Labs PR has transferred \$5,000,000 to the Company, for a combined capped total of 3,000,000 restricted shares of common stock. For the year ended December 31, 2016, 2,300,000 restricted shares of common stock have been issued related to the Consultant. The Company valued the shares of common stock at their grant date for a value of \$0.30 per share for a total of \$690,000 to be expensed over the estimated service period.

In addition, the Consultant Agreements provided that each consultant shall receive a bonus of an additional 750,000 restricted shares of the Company's common stock, plus an option to buy 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$0.20 per share (including a cashless exercise feature) when Conversion Labs PR has transferred to the Company at each of the following three (3) thresholds: \$1,250,000, \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000 for a total of 2,250,000 of restricted shares of the Company's common stock and options to purchase up to 3,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$0.20 per share. As of March 31, 2019, no bonus shares had been issued, and no options have been granted under the Consultant Agreement.

Legal Matters

In the normal course of business operations, the Company may become involved in various legal matters. At March 31, 2019, the Company's management does not believe that there are any potential legal matters that could have an adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

NOTE 9 – LEASES

On January 1, 2019, we adopted ASU 2016-02 using the optional transition method resulting in a cumulative-effect adjustment to our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Comparative financial statements of prior periods have not been adjusted to apply the new method retrospectively. The new method of accounting was applied only to leases that have ongoing minimum lease commitments after January 1, 2019, excluding short-term leases.

The Company has applied the practical expedient for leases less than 12-months for the following lease, and as such has excluded it from the calculation of right of use assets and lease liabilities. Conversion Labs PR utilizes office space in Puerto Rico which is subleased from Mr. Schreiber (the Company's President and CEO) and incurs expense of approximately \$4,000 per month for this office space.

In February 2018, the Company entered into a 3-year agreement to lease office space in Huntington Beach, CA beginning on March 2, 2018. The rent is payable on a monthly basis in the amount of \$2,106 for the first twelve months, \$2,149 for the second twelve months and \$2,235 for the third twelve months. The Company has recognized a right of use asset and lease liability of \$30,287 as of January 1, 2019, for adopting ASC 842, and has classified this lease as an operating lease. The lease did not contain any interest for use in the present value calculation, as a result, the Company used the third-party interest rate from similar borrowings of 7%. The Company has paid a security deposit of \$2,235 was paid for this lease. The lease payment for this lease were \$6,382 and the implied interest for such lease was \$4,241.

Rent expense, including short-term lease, for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, was \$30,477 and \$16,023, respectively.

NOTE 10 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Other

Certain related party transactions were incurred by the legacy business that was sold in February 2018, including reimbursement of home office expenditures to the Company's former President and CEO, employment of the Company's former President and CEO's wife, and legal and business advisory services provided by one of the Company's directors.

Chief Executive Officer

JLS Ventures LLC, owned by our current CEO, provides credit card processing services through one or more merchant banks. JLS Ventures LLC did not receive any compensation for these services. In July 2017, the Company and JLS Ventures, an entity owned by the Company's current Chief Executive Officer, entered into a second amendment to a Service Agreement effective July 1, 2017. As compensation, the Company issued 900,000 shares of common stock valued at \$432,000. The Company is recognizing the expense over the term of the agreement. In May 2018, the Company issued 1,000,000 shares of common stock valued at \$230,000 to JLS Ventures, LLC, for services. The Company also committed to issue an additional 1,000,000 shares of common stock on January 1, 2019 valued in the aggregate amount of \$230,000 if JLS Ventures met the service requirement specified in the agreement. These 2,000,000 shares serve as the compensation for Mr. Schreiber for his services as CEO of the Company. The Company is recognizing the expense for the issuances over the twenty-four-month term of the agreement.

On November 20, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement (the "Agreement") with JOJ Holdings, LLC ("JOJ"). Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, Conversion Labs, Inc. ("Conversion Labs") purchased 2,000,000 shares (post-split from a 2:1 forward split on January 16, 2018) of Blockchain Industries, Inc. ("BCII") from JOJ. The Agreement was amended on December 8, 2017 and again on March 9, 2018. In consideration for the purchase, Conversion Labs agreed to issue one (1) share of Conversion Labs common stock to JOJ for every dollar Conversion Labs realizes from gross proceeds on the sale of shares of BCII purchased pursuant to the Agreement, up to a total maximum aggregate amount of 5,000,000 shares. The Company has 3 years to sell the shares of BCII and has agreed not to sell more than 20% of the 30-day average daily trading volume of BCII. Justin Schreiber, the Company's President and CEO is the President and owner of JOJ. The transaction was determined not to meet the criteria for recognition as an exchange transaction, therefore no asset or liability has been recorded in the financial statements.

JSDC, Inc., owned by CEO, provides credit card processing services through one or more merchant banks. JSDC, Inc. did not receive any compensation for these services.

Conversion Labs PR utilizes office space in Puerto Rico which is subleased from Mr. Schreiber (President and CEO) incurs expense of approximately \$4,000 a month on month-to-month terms for this office space.

Conversion Labs PR utilizes BV Global Fulfillment, owned by the father of Mr. Schreiber, the Company's current Chief Executive Officer, and incurred \$97,477 and \$29,720 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, for these services.

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date these financial statements were issued.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes a number of forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the "Exchange Act") that reflect management's current views with respect to future events and financial performance. These statements are based upon beliefs of, and information currently available to, the Company's management as well as estimates and assumptions made by the Company's management. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which are only predictions and speak only as of the date hereof. When used herein, the words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "future," "intend," "plan," "predict," "project," "target," "potential," "will," "would," "could," "should," "continue" or the negative of these terms and similar expressions as they relate to the Company or the Company's management identify forward-looking statements. Such statements reflect the current view of the Company with respect to future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions, and other factors, including the risks relating to the Company's business, industry, and the Company's operations and results of operations. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may differ significantly from those anticipated, believed, estimated, expected, intended, or planned.

Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, the Company cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States, the Company does not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements to conform these statements to actual results.

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). These accounting principles require us to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions. We believe that the estimates, judgments and assumptions upon which we rely are reasonable based upon information available to us at the time that these estimates, judgments and assumptions are made. These estimates, judgments and assumptions can affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. Our financial statements would be affected to the extent there are material differences between these estimates and actual results. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report. The forward-looking statements made in this report are based only on events or information as of the date on which the statements are made in this report. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, after the date on which the statements are made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. You should read this report and the documents we refer to in this report and have filed as exhibits to this report completely and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect. These risks include, by way of example and without limitation:

- our ability to successfully commercialize our products and services on a large enough scale to generate profitable operations;
- our ability to maintain and develop relationships with customers and suppliers;
- our ability to successfully integrate acquired businesses or new brands;
- the impact of competitive products and pricing;
- supply constraints or difficulties;
- general economic and business conditions;
- our ability to continue as a going concern;
- our need to raise additional funds in the future;
- our ability to successfully recruit and retain qualified personnel;
- our ability to successfully implement our business plan;
- our ability to successfully acquire, develop or commercialize new products and equipment;
- intellectual property claims brought by third parties; and
- the impact of any industry regulation.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, or performance. Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by us in this report and in our other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). We undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes in the future operating results over time except as required by law. We believe that our assumptions are based upon reasonable data derived from and known about our business and operations. No assurances are made that actual results of operations or the results of our future activities will not differ materially from our assumptions.

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and unless otherwise indicated, the terms “Company,” “we,” “us,” and “our” refer to Conversion Labs, Inc. (formerly known as Immudyne, Inc.) and our majority-owned subsidiaries LegalSimpli Software, LLC, a Puerto Rico limited liability company (“LegalSimpli”), Conversion Labs PR, LLC (formerly Immudyne PR LLC), a Puerto Rico limited liability company (“Conversion Labs PR”), and Conversion Labs Asia Limited, a Hong Kong company (“Conversion Labs Asia”). Unless otherwise specified, all dollar amounts are expressed in United States dollars.

Corporate History and Overview

Conversion Labs, Inc. is a diversified online direct response marketing company that creates, in-licenses, and acquires proprietary and innovative consumer products that address large unmet needs in the online marketplace. We sell our products directly to consumers through advertisements on Facebook, Google, Amazon, and other social media and e-commerce platforms. Secondly, we sell our products to traditional retailers, wholesalers and physicians’ offices.

We currently have four commercial stage brands in our portfolio:

- **Shapiro MD:** Launched in 2017, Shapiro MD is a patented line of shampoo, conditioner and leave-in foamer for thicker, fuller hair. The Shapiro MD line also includes a U.S. Food and Drug Administration (“FDA”) approved minoxidil product and a supplement for hair loss.
- **iNR Wellness MD:** Launched in 2018, iNR Wellness MD is a beta glucan nutritional supplement for immune support. There are a multitude of published studies, many noted on the National Institute of Health website, relating to the health benefits of beta glucan. The FDA and the European Food Safety Authority have approved health claims related to the maintenance or reduction of blood cholesterol and consumption of 3 grams of beta-glucan daily.
- **Scarology:** Launched in 2019, Scarology is a proprietary 3 step Scar Care System designed to improve the overall color, texture and appearance of scars. The system consists of a natural fruit acid exfoliator, a proprietary scar healing cream and silicon scar sheets.
- **PDF Simpli:** Launched in 2018, PDF Simpli is a PDF conversion software product, which was acquired through the purchase of 51% of the membership interests of LegalSimpli Software, LLC, a Puerto Rico limited liability company, which operates a marketing-driven software solutions business.

We launched our online direct marketing business in the fourth quarter of 2015 with the establishment of a partnership with Inate Skincare, LLC (“Inate”). Our initial intention was to launch a skin care line containing our proprietary ingredients and to market such products directly to consumers. We entered into a limited liability company operating agreement with our joint venture partners with respect to Inate under the legal name Immudyne PR LLC (“Immudyne PR”). On April 1, 2016, the original operating agreement of Immudyne PR was amended and restated and we increased our ownership and voting interest in Immudyne PR to 78.2%. Subsequently, concurrent with the name change of the parent company to Conversion Labs, Inc., Immudyne PR was renamed to Conversion Labs PR LLC.

Our priority is to pursue opportunities to market our products and increase sales. We expect that a significant component of our selling, general and administration expenses going forward will consist of advertising fees and service fees to maintain skilled professionals to market our products online. These aforementioned costs, along with the additional costs resulting from our operations as a public reporting company, could adversely impact our future results of operations.

We historically have expended a significant amount of our funds on obtaining and protecting our patents, trade secrets and proprietary products. We rely on the patent and trademark protection laws in the U.S. to protect our intellectual property and maintain our competitive position in the marketplace. We have historically operated with limited capital and have funded operations in the past through the sales of our products and loans and advances from our executives and directors.

Divestiture of Nutraceutical and Cosmetic Additives Business

Throughout 2017, we manufactured, distributed and sold natural immune support products containing our proprietary yeast beta glucans, a group of beta glucans naturally occurring in the cell walls of yeast that have been shown through testing and analysis to support the immune system. Beta glucans, or β -Glucans, are a natural extract that are considered to be “biological response modifiers” that support the immune system. The most common sources of beta glucans are from the cell walls of baker’s yeast, the cellulose in plants, the bran of cereal grains and certain fungi and bacteria.

In the first quarter of 2018 we sold all assets and liabilities related to our legacy business that manufactured raw yeast beta glucan. As a result of this divestiture, we now solely operate our online direct marketing business through our majority-owned operating subsidiary, Conversion Labs PR.

Our Products

We currently have four commercial stage brands. Generally, our business model is to license or acquire innovative products that address large, global unmet needs which can be placed onto our internet based or “online” direct response marketing platform. We seek to protect the market position of our products with intellectual property, trade secrets, trademarks and brand equity. Our brands and products are as follows:

Shapiro MD[®]

Launched in the second quarter of 2017, Shapiro MD is a patented line of hair products designed to help men and women regain thicker, fuller and healthier looking hair. The products in our Shapiro MD line currently include a shampoo, a conditioner, a leave-in foamer, and a “product” which contains Minoxidil, an FDA-approved product for hair growth. Additionally, we are in the process of adding an FDA-cleared laser cap to our Shapiro MD product line. The Shapiro MD Shampoo and Conditioner are the result of 15 years of research and development by Dr. Steven Shapiro and Dr. Michael Borenstein. The Shapiro MD product line is protected by two U.S. patents and typically contains three naturally-occurring dihydrotestosterone (DHT) blocking ingredients. DHT is widely believed to be the main culprit of balding/hair-loss. Clinical research on the ingredients used in Shapiro MD products has been published in scientific journals, including U.S. National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health, International Journal of Dermatology and European Hair Research Society.

iNR Wellness MD[®]

Launched in 2018, iNR Wellness MD is a nutritional supplement for immune support. The iNR Wellness product line is a daily nutritional supplement that contains yeast, oat, and mushroom beta glucans. Beta glucans, or β -Glucans, are a natural extract considered to be “biological response modifiers” that support the immune system. Our three naturally occurring beta glucans have clinically shown to support the human immune system and are commonly used as an OTC supplement to reduce cholesterol levels, maintain healthy blood glucose levels, and support the immune system. Our spokespersons for our iNR Wellness MD brand include Dr. Joseph DiTrolio, Dr. Jack Gilbert, and Dr. Liz Lipski, who are leading doctors/researchers in fields such as urology, microbiology, and nutrition. General scientific research on beta glucans has been conducted in recent years by renowned medical laboratories, including Baylor College of Medicine, U.S. Armed Forces Radiobiology Institute, Stanford University, Harvard University, and North Carolina State University. As more studies are conducted on beta glucans, we believe the potential benefits to human health will continue to emerge. Although the Food and Drug Administration (“FDA”) has historically endorsed the consumption of oat glucan/dietary fiber as an aid to lower cholesterol, most of the testing and analysis or scientific research mentioned in this annual report has not been subject to oversight of the FDA or any comparable regulatory body, and no regulatory body has attested to the efficacy of beta glucans in supporting the immune system or treating disease. Further, the marketing of beta glucans is not subject to FDA approval, and we are prohibited by Federal Trade Commission (“FTC”) and FDA regulations from suggesting in advertisements and product labels that our products mitigate, treat, cure or prevent a specific disease or class of disease.

PDF Simpli

Launched in 2018, PDFSimpli is a PDF conversion software, which we acquired in June 2018 through the purchase of 51% of the membership interests of LegalSimpli Software, LLC, a Puerto Rico limited liability company. PDFSimpli enables users to convert, edit and sign PDF documents and has had over 3 terabytes of documents converted or edited by customers from the legal, financial, real-estate and academic sectors. As of February 28, 2019, PDFSimpli was ranked in the top 100,000 websites globally, in which it was also ranked in the top 2,500 for specific countries and has more than 650,000 registered users globally. PDFSimpli has had over 3 terabytes of documents converted or edited by customers from the legal, financial, real-estate and academic sectors.

Scarology™

Launched in 2018, Scarology is a topically applied scar healing solution delivered through a day and night routine. The system consists of a natural fruit acid exfoliator, a proprietary scar healing cream and silicon scar sheets. The Scarology system was developed by two prominent dermatologists and has been tested extensively in a clinical environment. The current global scar treatment market is estimated to be more than \$10 billion and is expected to grow to more than \$34.5 billion by 2025.

Growth Strategy

We actively seek to acquire, license and develop products and brands with large untapped e-commerce potential and proven business models. We intend to continue to grow revenue and profitability of our three commercial stage consumer products. We also expect that PDFSimpli will continue to grow and will achieve profitability in 2019. We continue to actively seek new brands to buy or license to expand our product offerings and add to our growth.

We have begun selling all of our products in international markets and we believe this represents a significant growth opportunity for us. We also entered into a strategic partnership in Asia in 2018. We are in the process of building an e-commerce infrastructure in Asia where we anticipate completion in the first half of 2019.

In early 2019, we also launched a service-based business under the name Conversion Labs Media LLC, which will be used to run e-commerce marketing campaigns for other online businesses. Conversion Labs Media LLC intends to develop, run, and optimize advertising and media strategies for third parties looking to continue their growth on online platforms such as Amazon, Google, and Facebook. These services will be monetized through a monthly consulting model or on a revenue share basis.

Material Developments During the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019

Resignation of Chief Financial Officer

On February 9, 2019, Robert Kalkstein, Chief Financial Officer of Conversion Labs, Inc., tendered his resignation to the Company's Board of Directors, effective March 31, 2019. Mr. Kalkstein did not resign as a result of any disagreement with the Company on any matter relating to the Company's operations, policies or practices. Mr. Kalkstein will continue to serve as an advisor to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

In connection with Mr. Kalkstein's resignation, the Company agreed to amend that certain consulting agreement entered into on September 26, 2017, by and between the Company and Mr. Kalkstein (the "Kalkstein Consulting Agreement"), to: (i) forego \$32,500 of the \$42,500 cash currently owed to Mr. Kalkstein pursuant to the Kalkstein Consulting Agreement; (ii) decrease the exercise price of 500,000 options to purchase the Company's common stock previously granted to Mr. Kalkstein (the "Kalkstein Options") from \$0.40 per share to \$0.28 per share; (iii) accelerate the vesting of 150,000 Kalkstein Options with such options to vest on March 31, 2019; and (iv) cancel 200,000 unvested Kalkstein Options, the vesting of which was not accelerated.

Appointment of Chief Financial Officer

On February 11, 2019, in connection with Mr. Kalkstein's resignation, the Board appointed Mr. Juan Manuel Piñeiro Dagnery, the Controller of the Company prior to appointment, as Chief Financial Officer, effective March 31, 2019.

On March 15, 2019, the Company and Mr. Piñeiro entered into an employment agreement (the "Piñeiro Agreement") effective as April 1, 2019, whereby Mr. Piñeiro shall earn a salary of \$84,000 per annum (the "Piñeiro Salary"). In addition to the Piñeiro Salary, he shall be eligible for an annual discretionary bonus of up to 100% of the Piñeiro Salary and subject to approval of the Board, the Company shall issue Mr. Piñeiro options to purchase 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.23 per share (the "Options"). The Piñeiro Agreement may be terminated without notice by either party at any time for any reason.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018

Revenue and Operating Expenses

Our revenue, operating expenses and net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 are summarized as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended			
	March 31 2019		March 31 2018	
Net sales	\$ 2,698,990		\$ 1,606,491	
Cost of sales	677,973	25%	355,453	22%
Gross profit	2,021,017	75%	1,251,038	78%
Operating expenses	2,584,386	96%	1,530,352	95%
Operating (loss)	(563,369)	(21)%	(279,314)	(17)%
Other income (expenses)	(170,194)	(6)%	(6,450)	-%
Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes	(733,563)	(27)%	(285,764)	(18)%
Income from discontinued operations, including gain on sale, net of income taxes	-	-%	-	-%
Net income (loss)	(733,563)	(27)%	639,974	40%
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(69,816)	(3)%	12,697	1%
Net (loss) income attributable to Conversion Labs, Inc.	\$ (663,747)	(25)%	\$ 627,277	39%

Net Sales

Sales were approximately \$2.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to approximately \$1.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018. The increase of approximately 68% is attributed mainly to revenue from the purchase of the majority of LegalSimpli and more resources being invested into our licensed patented hair loss shampoo, conditioner, and leave in foam continuing to increase during the first quarter of 2019.

Cost of Sales

Total cost of sales was approximately \$678,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to approximately \$355,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2018. The increase is primarily due to the revenue increase from the purchase of the majority of LegalSimpli. This increase was partially mitigated by our ability to secure better inventory pricing and margin of our in-licensed patented hair loss shampoo, conditioner, and leave in foam during the first quarter of 2019. Cost of sales consists primarily of material costs and related overhead directly attributable to the production of our products. Cost of Sales as a percentage of income decreased as we were able to take advantage of volume pricing discounts from our vendors.

Gross Profit

Gross profit was approximately \$2.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to approximately \$1.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, an increase of approximately 62%. The increase in our gross profit was primarily the result of the increased sales of our in-licensed patented hair loss shampoo, conditioner and leave-in foam.

Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses increased approximately 69% to approximately \$2.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019, from approximately \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018. The increase in our operating expenses between the periods was mostly attributable to our increased marketing efforts for our in-licensed patented hair loss shampoo, conditioner and leave-in foam, which increased approximately \$795,000 over from the three-months ended March 31, 2019 compared to the three-months ended March 31, 2018. We also had increased professional fees, compensation and related expense costs, and lower general and administrative expense during the comparable period.

Net Income

Net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2019 was approximately \$733,000, compared to net income of approximately \$640,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2018. Our net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2019 was mostly attributable to our increased marketing efforts, whereas our net income for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was mostly attributable to the sale of the Company's legacy business.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Working Capital

The following table sets forth a summary of working capital as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Current assets	\$ 1,671,286	\$ 1,605,070
Current liabilities	2,274,172	1,192,397
Working capital	<u>\$ (602,886)</u>	<u>\$ 412,673</u>

We had a negative net working deficit of \$602,886 at March 31, 2019, resulting in a decrease of \$1,080,412 in working capital from net working capital of \$412,673 at December 31, 2018. The ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 0.69 to 1 at March 31, 2019.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth a summary of changes in cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2019	2018
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 546,464	\$ 65,928
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(500,000)	190,000
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	15,702	(167,479)
Change in cash	\$ 62,166	\$ 88,449

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$546,464 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 primarily due to increases in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$747,429, stock compensation expense of \$154,600 and amortization of debt discount of 131,596.

Net cash from operating activities was \$65,928 for the three months ended March 31, 2018. Cash from operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2018 was primarily due to the net income of \$639,974.

Investing Activities

For the three months ended March 31, 2019, net cash used in investing activities was \$500,000 for payments related to the purchase of LegalSimpli.

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, net cash used in investing activities was \$190,000 for proceeds related to the sale of the legacy business.

Financing Activities

For the three months ended March 31, 2019, net cash provided by financing activities was \$15,702 of which \$50,000 was received from the issuance of notes, partially offset by distributions to noncontrolling interest totaling \$34,298.

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, net cash used in financing activities was \$167,479 which related to the payment of notes payable.

Going Concern and Future Financing

Our principal demands for liquidity are to increase sales via online marketing, purchase inventory and for sales distribution and general corporate purposes. We incurred negative operating cash flows of our continued operations to date in 2019 as well as in the 2018 fiscal year. As a result, we have substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

We will require additional funds to implement our growth strategy for our business. In addition, while we have received capital from various private placements and convertible loans that have enabled us to fund our operations, these funds have been largely used to supplement our working capital, although additional funds are needed for other corporate operational and working capital purposes. At this time and at our current burn rate, we have sufficient capital to fund our operations through the balance of this fiscal year. At this time, we have not determined the amount that may be needed. These funds may be raised through equity financing, debt financing, or other sources, which may result in further dilution in the equity ownership of our shares. There can be no assurance that additional financing will be available to us when needed or, if available, that it can be obtained on commercially reasonable terms. If we are not able to obtain the additional financing on a timely basis should it be required, or generate significant material revenues from operations, we will not be able to meet our other obligations as they become due and we will be forced to scale down or perhaps even cease our operations.

Equity Financings

On January 1, 2019, in connection with the Company's agreement with JLS Ventures, LLC, the Company issued 1,000,000 shares of restricted stock to JLS Ventures, LLC.

On February 27, 2019, the Company entered into a short-term note agreement for \$100,000 that was repaid prior to the end of this quarter. As part of the note agreement, the Company issued 100,000 restricted shares of common stock to the note holder valued at \$16,000.

Debt Financings

None.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our significant accounting policies are more fully described in the notes to our financial statements included herein for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 and in the notes to our consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, as filed with the SEC on March 29, 2019.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Any recently issued accounting pronouncements are more fully described in Note 1 to our financial statements included herein for the quarter ended March 31, 2019.

Liquidity and Capital Resources Outlook

The Company has funded operations in the past through the sales of its products, issuance of common stock and through loans and advances from officers and directors. The Company's continued operations are dependent upon obtaining an increase in its sales volume and the continued financial support from officers and directors or the issuance of additional shares of common stock.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern, which assumes the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. At March 31, 2019, the Company has an accumulated deficit approximating \$12.9 million and a working capital deficit approximating \$668,000. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Based on the Company's cash balance at December 31, 2018, and projected cash needs for 2019, management estimates that it will need to increase sales revenue and/or raise additional capital to cover operating and capital requirements for the 2019 year. Management will need to raise the additional needed funds through increased sales volume, issuing additional shares of common stock or other equity securities, or obtaining debt financing. Although management has been successful to date in raising necessary funding, there can be no assurance that sales revenue will substantially increase or that any required future financing can be successfully completed on a timely basis, or on terms acceptable to the Company.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not Applicable. As a smaller reporting company, we are not required to provide the information required by this Item.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. In designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any disclosure controls and procedures also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving the desired control objectives.

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation and subject to the foregoing, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective due to the material weakness(es) in internal control over financial reporting described below.

Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2019 based on the framework established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this assessment, management has determined that the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2019 was not effective.

A material weakness, as defined in the standards established by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the “Sarbanes-Oxley Act”), is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

The ineffectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting was due to the following material weaknesses which are indicative of many small companies with small number of staff:

- Lack of a functioning audit committee and a lack of a majority of outside directors on the Company’s board of directors, resulting in ineffective oversight in the establishment and monitoring of required internal controls and procedures;
- Inadequate segregation of duties consistent with control objectives;
- Insufficient written policies and procedures for accounting and financial reporting with respect to the requirements and application of both US GAAP and SEC Guidelines;
- Inadequate security and restricted access to computer systems including a disaster recovery plan;
- Lack of formal written policy for the approval, identification and authorization of related party transactions; and
- No written whistleblower policy.

Management's Plan to Remediate the Material Weakness

Management has been implementing and continues to implement measures designed to ensure that control deficiencies contributing to the material weakness are remediated, such that these controls are designed, implemented, and operating effectively. The remediation actions planned include:

- Continue to search for and evaluate qualified independent outside directors;
- Identify gaps in our skills base and the expertise of our staff required to meet the financial reporting requirements of a public company;
- Continue to develop policies and procedures on internal control over financial reporting and monitor the effectiveness of operations on existing controls and procedures;
- Identify and remedy gaps in our security and restricted access policies to computer systems and implement a disaster recovery plan; and
- Develop a written whistleblower policy.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2019, we continued to execute upon our planned remediation actions which are all intended to strengthen our overall control environment. During Q 2019 we have (i) begun a search for expert qualified independent third-party individuals to sit on our Board of Directors; (ii) retained an expert consulting firm to assist the Company in updating and drafting our written policies and procedures for accounting and financial reporting; (iii) retained an expert consulting firm to assist the Company in developing a disaster recovery plan and whistleblower policy; and (iv) have migrated the accounting functions, internal control policies and procedures of LegalSimpli Software, LLC under the Company's policies and procedures. We believe the above steps will improve oversight of internal controls over financial reporting.

We are committed to maintaining a strong internal control environment and believe that these remediation efforts will represent significant improvements in our control environment. Our management will continue to monitor and evaluate the relevance of our risk-based approach and the effectiveness of our internal controls and procedures over financial reporting on an ongoing basis and is committed to taking further action and implementing additional enhancements or improvements, as necessary and as funds allow.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2019 that have materially affected, or that are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are currently not involved in any litigation that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations, except as set forth below. There is no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry or investigation before or by any court, public board, government agency, self-regulatory organization or body pending or, to the knowledge of the executive officers of our company or any of our subsidiaries, threatened against or affecting our company, our common stock, any of our subsidiaries or of our companies or our subsidiaries' officers or directors in their capacities as such, in which an adverse decision could have a material adverse effect.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

We believe there are no changes that constitute material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, filed with the SEC on April 1, 2019.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

On January 1, 2019, in connection with the Company's agreement with JLS Ventures, LLC, the Company issued 1,000,000 shares of restricted stock to JLS Ventures, LLC.

On February 27, 2019, the Company entered into a short-term note agreement for \$100,000 that was repaid prior to the quarter end. As part of the note agreement, the Company issued 100,000 restricted shares of common stock to the note holder valued at \$16,000.

On April 1, 2019, the Company issued Juan Manuel Piñero Dagnery an option to purchase 500,000 shares of the company at an exercise price of \$0.23 per share pursuant to his employment agreement, which had an effective date of April 1, 2019.

All of the securities were issued in reliance on the exemption under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

There is no other information required to be disclosed under this item which has not been previously reported.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description
(10)	Material Agreements
10.1 ‡	Amendment to Kalkstein Consulting Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 20, 2019)
10.2 ‡	Employment Agreement by and between the Company and Mr. Juan Manuel Piñeiro Dagnery dated April 1, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 20, 2019)
(31)	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications
31.1*	Section 302 Certification under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of the Principal Executive Officer
31.2*	Section 302 Certification under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of the Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer
(32)	Section 1350 Certifications
32.1**	Section 906 Certification under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of the Chief Executive Officer
32.2**	Section 906 Certification under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of the Principal Accounting Officer
(101)*	Interactive Data Files
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished herewith.

‡ Employment Agreement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CONVERSION LABS, INC.

By: /s/ Justin Schreiber
Justin Schreiber
Chief Executive Officer and Director
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 15, 2019

By: /s/ Juan Manuel Piñero Dagnery
Juan Manuel Piñero Dagnery
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: May 15, 2019

CONVERSION LABS, INC.
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Justin Schreiber, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Conversion Labs, Inc. for the period ended March 31, 2019;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Justin Schreiber
Justin Schreiber
Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 15, 2019

CONVERSION LABS, INC.
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Juan Manuel Piñeiro Dagnery, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Conversion Labs, Inc. for the period ended March 31, 2019;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Juan Manuel Piñeiro Dagnery
Juan Manuel Piñeiro Dagnery
Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: May 15, 2019

CONVERSION LABS, INC.
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2019 of Conversion Labs, Inc. (the "Company") as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, in the capacity and on the date indicated below, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to his knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company.

By: /s/ Justin Schreiber
Justin Schreiber
Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 15, 2019

CONVERSION LABS, INC.
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2019 of Conversion Labs, Inc. (the "Company") as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, in the capacity and on the date indicated below, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to his knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company.

By: /s/ Juan Manuel Piñero Dagnery
Juan Manuel Piñero Dagnery
Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: May 15, 2019